PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY JOHN NORVELL.

The price of subscriptions to the KENTUCKY GAZETTE, is, THREE DOL LARS per annum, paid in advance, or Four DOLLARS at the end of the year.

The terms of advertising in this paper, are, 50 cents for the first insertion of every 15 lines or under, and 25 cents for each continuance; longer advertisements in the same proportion.

Laws of the United States.

BY AUTHORITY.

AN ACT
For the relief of Richard M. Johnson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized to audit and settle, on the principles of equity, the account of Richard M. Johnson, for monies disbursed in supplying a corps of mounted volunteers with rations and forage, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and to allow him any sum not exceeding one thousand and eight dollars; and thirty-seven cents, which allowance shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore

April 20, 1818—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of James Mackay of the Missou ri territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re presentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James Mackay of the Missiouri territory, be, and he is hereby authorised to file with the recorder of the land titles at St. Louis, in said territory, a warrant of survey or concession from the Spanish government of Louisiana, bearing date the first day of February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, for the quantity of eighteen hundred arpents of land, granted to James McDaniel; and it shall be the duty of the said recorder of land titles to examine the evidence which may be produced to him, in relation to the concession and claim of the land aforesaid, and shall report the substance of the evidence, with his opinion thereon, to the commissioner of the General Land Office, which shall be laid before Congress, at their next session, for their decision thereon.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives, JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro-tempore. April 20, 1818-Approved,

JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of Peggy Bailey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for Peggy Bailey, sister to Dixon Bailey, (a Creek Indian of the half blood, who was slain in the service of the United States, at the capture of Fort Mims,) and he is hereby authorized to enter, without payment, with the register of the land office in whose district the land lies, three hundred and twenty acres of land, so as to include the the settlement and improvement of the said Dixon Bailey in the Alabama territory: Provided, That neither the said Peggy Bailey, nor her heirs shall have power of alienating said land, or any part thereof, in any manner, whatever, and in case of the voluntary abandonment of the possession and occupancy of the said tract of land by the said Peggy Bailey, or of her heirs, hereafter, the said land shall revert to the United States. H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives
JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore April 20, 1818-Approved. JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief Jonathan Amory, Jr. and of the representatives of Thomas C. Amory, dec.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be repaid to Jonathan Amory, and to the representatives of Thomas C. Amory, the amount of money, received from them by the United States, in conse quence of the condemnation of the ship

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That to carry this act into effect, a sum not exceeding six thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD,

President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 20, 1818—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

May 15.-20t.

To the Proprietors of Stock issued under the ovention with France of the 30th of April

803, commonly called Louisiana Stock, Tha

one moiety, or half of the principal of said stock will be redeemed on the 21st of October next

suing the date hereof, and that the same wil

their attornies duly authorized, on the day be-fore mentioned, at the Treasury in Washington or at such Loan Office on the books whereof

portion of said Stock may then stand.

Information is further Given, That the inter

WM. H. CRAWFORD,

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, 7

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the several acts of limitation here

tofore passed, and which barred the al-

lowance and settlement of certain evi-

dences of public debt, have been suspend

ed for two years, by an act passed the 13th of April, 1818, of which the follow-

ing is a copy.
WM. H. CRAWFORD,

AN ACT

To anthorise the payment of certain certificates

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in

entitled, "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," passed the

third day of March, one thousand seven hun

dred and ninety-five; and so much of the act

final settlement certificates, indents of interest, and the unfunded and registered debt

ed the twelfth day of June, one thousand sever hundred and ninety-eight, as bars from settle

ment and allowance, certificates commonly called loan office and final settlement certifi

ficates, countersigned by the loan officers of

the states respectively, final settlement certificates, and indents of interest, which, at the time of passing this act, shall be outstanding,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN GAILLARD,

By the President of the Unit-

ed States.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, passe on the 17th of February, 1818, entitle

"an act making provision for the establishment of additional Land Offices in the territor

of Missouri, shall be held as follows, vis

At St. Louis, in the said territory, on the first Monday in August, October, December, Feb.

ruary and April next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands in the land district of St. Louis. Thirty town-

ships shall be offered at each sale, commencing with the most eastern ranges west of the fifth principal meridian line, and proceeding

At the Seat of Justice of Howard County, in

the said territory, on the first Monday in Sep-tember and November next, and three weeks after each of the said days, for the sale of lands

in the land district of Howard County. Thirty townships shall be offered at each sale: The

first to be in a square form, and to include the

seat of justice of the said county, as nearly in the centre as the situation of the surveys will

kimit, and the second immediately east of the

first, and in the same form; excepting from sale in each district, the lands which have been

or may be reserved by law for other purposes.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

By the President.

JAMES MONRUE.

JOSIAH MEIGS,

Commissiser of the General Land Office

Printers of Newspapers who are author, ised to publish the laws of the United States-will insert the above once a week till April next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

A map of the above Lands may be had

(previous to the sales) at the General Lund Office, and at the Land Offices in the Missou-

ri territory. The map is now engraving for

JOHN GARDENER, Chief Clerk, General Land Office.

May 15.—20t.

President of the Senate, pro-tempore. President of ...
April 13, 1818—Approven,
JAMES MONROE.

H. CLAY,

titled, "An act respecting loan office and

dited on the books of the Treasury," pass

gress assembled, That so much of an act

Secretary of the Treasury

APRIL 27th, 1818.

Secretary of the Treasury.

est due at the time of redemption, on such part

Authorizing a subscription for the Statistical Annals of Adam Seybert, and the purchase of Pitkin's Commercial Statistics.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary for the Department of State be and he is hereby authorized and directed to subscribe for, and receive, for the use and disposal of Congress, five hundred copies of the "statistical annals," proposed to be published by Adam Seybert, of Philadelphia; and that he also be directed to purchase, for the purpose aforesaid, two hundred and fifty copies of "Pitkin's, Commercial Statistics of the United States."

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum or sums of money necessary to defray the cost of the subscription and purchase aforesaid, shall not exceed the sum of five thuosand seven hundred and fifty dollars, and the same is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriat-

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore April 20, 1818—Approved, JAMES MONROE.

> AN ACT For the relief of Jonas Harrison.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall beauthorised to settle the accounts of Jonas Harrison, collector of the direct tax for the twenty-fifth collection district of the state of New York in respect to the direct tax imposed by the act of August the second, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, on equitable principles, and to make such allowances, and admit such credits, as, from the circumstances of that collection district, may appear to him reasonable and just.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore April 20, 1818-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of Benjamin Berry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorised and empowered to audit and settle, upon such terms as may appear to him equitable and proper, the claim of Benjamin Berry, of the state of Massachusetts, for three hundred dollars, on account of a contract made in January, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, between him and the collector of the port Machias, by which the said Berry engaged to bring, moneys in the Treasury of the United States not for the benefit of the United States, cer- otherwise appropriated. tain property from the wreck of the British ship Diligent.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the amount of the claim, when ascertained, shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.
H. CLAY,

Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore April 20, 1818-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

Treasury Department, Washington City, April 10, 1818. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Pro-

prietors of the old six per cent. Stock, Principal and Interest of the said Stock, will become due on the first of October next ensuing the date hereof, and that the same will be paid on that day, at the Treasury and at the Loan Offices, having such Stock standing on their Books, to the Stockholders or to their attornies, upon the surrender of the original certificates of the said Stock.

It is further made known for the information of the Proprietors of said old six per cent Stock residing in foreign parts, that in order to obviate as far as praticable any inconve-nience which might result by reason of loss at sea or otherwise, it will be advisable to retain correct copies of their certificates authenticated by a Notary Public duly appointed.

WM. J. CRAWFORD,

May 1, 1818-22t

WAR DEPARTMENT, Pension-Office, May 27, 1818. NOTICE.

Secretary of Treasur

IT is expected that the Judges will certify as well to the reduced circumstances, as to the continued service of nine months, required by the law of the 18th March 1818: d pensions will invariably be refused, unless the declarations of the applicants shall be accompanied by such certificates. The applitions for pensions belonging to New Hamp shire, New-York, Pennsylvania, Delaware Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, will be delayed until en received from the several executive offies of the states.

Approved.
J. C. CALHOUN, Secretary of War. The publishers of the laws of the United States, will give the above insertion in their respective papers for two months, and send in their accounts to the War Department for djust ment.

June 12-9t

Wheneas, by an act of Congress, passed on a 3d of March, 1815, entitled, "an act to rovide for the ascertaining and surveying one boundary lines fixed by the treaty with the reek Indians, and for other purposes," th President of the United States is authorised to cause the lands acquired by the said treaty to be offered for sale when surveyed:

THEREFORE, I JAMES MONNOE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (a-greeably to law) of certain lands in the Ala-bama territory, shall be held at Milledgeville, in Georgia viz. n Georgia, viz: On the first Monday in October next, for the

of said Stock as is held in Europe, will be paid as heretofore in London and Amsterdam; and that the interest on such part of said Stock as has been domesticated will be paid at the same ale of town lots, in the town of Cahaba, in the said territory, situate at the junction of me with the principal, either at the Treasury he river Alabama and Cababa. or at the Loan Offices as before mentioned. On the third Monday in October next, for And it is also hereby made known, That the interest on the moiety or half of said Louisiana Stock

the sale of townships, 13, 14, 15, 16, in range 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15; and of townships 14, 15 intended to be redeemed as aforesaid, will cease and determine after the 21st day of Oc-16, in ranges 14 and 16 of the land district i Alabama territory, directed by law to be sold at Milledgeville, excepting such lands as have been reserved by law for the support of schools, or for other purposes; each public sale shall continue open for two weeks and no longer. The town lots and other lands, shall be offered for sale in regular numerical order, commencing with the lowest number of lots, sections and townships, and ranges.

And I further declare and make known, that

the offices of the register and receiver of public monies for the said district, shall be removed ed from Milledgeville to the aforesaid town of Cahaba, on the first day of January, 1819.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this twenty-third day of May, 1818.

JAMES MONROE. By the President,

JOSIAH MEIGS. Commissioner of the general Land Office Printers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, will publish the above once a week till the first of October next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment.

A Map of the above district, and a plan of the town of Cababa, will be engraved as specdily as practicable, for JOHN GARDINER,

Chief Clerk, General Land Office. And sold by him at Milledgeville. Printers of the laws who publish this notice shall have copies.

June 12—16t

By the President of the United States.

cates, and indents of interest, be, and the same is hereby, suspended for the term of two years, from and after the passing of this act; a notification of which temporary suspension of the act of limitation shall be published by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the information of the holders of the said certificates, in one or the holders of the said certificates, in one or the holders of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the public papers in each of the Unitary of the passing of this act; a notification of the inner for opening the several Land Offices established in the territory of the Unitary o THEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 12th December, 1811, entitled "An act extending the time for opening the several Land Offices established in the territo-Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all certificates, commonly called loan office certi-

Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales shall be held at Opelousas, in the state of Louisiana, for the dispo-sal of the following lands, agreeably to law, in the western land district of Louisiana, viz. On the first Monday in December next, for the sale of Townships, No.

may be presented at the Treasury, and, upon the same being liquidated and adjusted, shall be paid to the respective holders of the same, 1 and 2 South of the base line in 123456 and 2 North 3 North 3 A 5 Mest of the principal meridian.
On the first Monday in February next, for interest, at six per cent. from the date of the last payment of interest, as endorsed on

said certificates.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That, for the sale of Townships carrying this act into effect, the sum of eighty 5 south Of the base line in 3 4 5 6 678910 south Ranges 11 south

West of the principal meridian.
Excepting the land reserved by law for the support of schools, and for other purposes. Each sale shall continue open for three weeks and no longer, and the sales shall be in regular nu-

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, the 20th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President. JOSIAH MEIGS, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

of Missouri," the President of the United States is authorised to direct the public lands which have been surveyed in the territory, to be of-The printers of newspapers who are authorised to publish the laws of the United States, (in the states south and west of Penn-Therefore, I. JAMES MONROE, President of sylvania) will insert the above once a week till the first Monday in December next, and send their accounts to the General Land Office for the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales for the disposal (agreeably to law) of certain lands in the ter-

A Map of the above Land District is preparing, and will be for sale at Opelousas, and at the General Land Office, by JOHN GARDINER, Ch. Cik.

Printers who publish this notice with the proclamation, will be furnished with a map.

June 24—20t.

By the President of the United States.

HEREAS, by an act of Congress, passed on the 26th of March, 1804, entitled an "Act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana Territory, and for other purposes," and an act passed the 3d of March, 1805, entitled "An Act supplementary March, 1805, entitled "An Act supplementary to the act, entitled, an act making provision for the disposal of the public lands in the Indiana Territory," and an act passed on the 25th of April, 1808, entitled "An Act supplemental to an act regulating the grants of lands in the Territory of Michigan," the President of the United States is authorized to cause the lands in the land district of Detroit to be offered for sale when surveyed; and whereas, a part of sale when surveyed; and whereas, a part of the said lands have been surveyed— Therefore, I, JAMES MONROE, President

of the United States, in conformity with the said acts, do hereby declare and make known, hat public sales for the disposal (agreeably to aw) of the said lands, shall be held at Detroit, pened a

law) of the said lands, shall be held at Detroit, in Michigan Territory, viz.

On the first Monday in July next, for the lands contained in ranges 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, south of the base line; on the first Monday of September next for the lands contained in ranges 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, north of the base ine; and on the first Monday in November next, for the lands contained in ranges 9, 10, 11, and 12, north of the base line, excepting such lands as are, or may be reserved in said district, by law, for the support of Schools, and for other purposes. The sales shall con-

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, APRIL 28, 1818. By the President of the Unishall commence with the first section of the lowest number of townships and ranges, and Given under my hand at the City of Washington, the 31st day of March, one thou-

sand eight hundred and eighteen.

JAMES MONROE.

By the President,

JOSIAH MEIGS, Com'r. of the General Land Office ted to publish the laws of the United States will insert the above once a week till October next, and send their bills to the General Land Office for payment. April 24-23t

FOR RENT, OR SALE.

A VALUABLE three story BRICKHOUSE and LOT, near the centre of business, in Main street, Lexington. For further particulars, enquire of the printer.

July 10, 1818-13

Bills of Exchange,

On Pittsburgh, will be purchased at the Office of Discount and Deposit of the Bank of the United States at Lexington E. SALOMON, Cashier.

WANTED, TWO or 3 Apprentices to the Cabinet Making business. Enquire of C. B. MELWEE.

On Main-street, next door to Main-Cross st. where orders will be thankfully received and executed in the neatest manner. July 31-tf

Perfumery, Fancy Goods, &c.

JAMES M. PIKE HAS JUST RECEIVED. In oddition to articles mentioned in the other pag Rose O Gold and Silver Span Violette Gold Foil O Silver Cord
O Elegant Fans
O Silver Pencil-Cases

Honey Tube Rose Lavender Gold Seals Cologne Cornelian Vest button Reticule Clasps, ele-gant, at \$2 50. Tortoise Shell Pocket Orange Bergamot Pink Combs

Conversation Cards Pocket Books Mille Fluer Fancy Sand in boxes Milk of Roses Milk of Roses 3 Boxes of Paints
Russian & Oils, for Superior Violin Strings
Antique the hair Anumber of Toys, &c.

ALSO, One Superb TOILETTE BOX, of excellent workmanship, at \$10 One superb WORK BOX, of super-excellent workmanstip, at \$25.

100 Elegant FRENCH ENGRAVINGS, different

A few thousand IMPERIAL CIGARS. ALL OF WHICH Will be sold at a very moderate advance.

Lexington, Aug. 7, 1818-if

COTTON YARNS.

Of a superior quality, and a quantity of the best CLARET, BY THE BOX, FOR SALE BY HOLDERMAN, PEARSON & CO.

August 7-4t

Favette County, sct. TAKEN UP by Abraham Buford, living in said county, 11 miles east of Lexington, niles from David's fork meeting house, mouse colored bay Mare, about 141 hands high 9 years old, branded E V on the near shoul der, appraised to §35. Also, a bay Horse, a bout 14½ hands high, branded with something like an S—a suip on his nose, 8 years old, ap praised to \$34. Given under my hand this 4th JAMES TRUE, j. p.

August 7-3t* A Miller.

A PERSON lately arrived here who profes A ses to have a good knowledge of the Milling Business, wishes a situation in a Merchant mill; he would take the whole charge of a mill either for a salary or a part of th profits. His recommendation will be found to be satisfactory. A line addressed to the editor post paid will be attended to.

N. B. If from a distance the encouragement must be stated.

Lexington, Aug. 14-3t*

Choice Wines. GROSS Bottled Madeira Old and of first 2 Pipes do quality. 2 Pipes For sale by C. BRADFORD.

MR. JOHN BOBB, Take Notice.

SHALL attend on the 12th day of Septem ber ensuing at the Office of M. Elder Esq in Lexington; on the 14th of the same month at the house of Greffers, in Winchester, and on the 16th of same month at the Courthous in Georgetown, to take sundry depositions, t be read in evidence in a suit depending in th Fayette Circuit Court, wherein I am plaintil and you are defendant. E. HOW.

August 14-4t*

Henry Gearvis,

Late from Washington City,

ESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of
Lexington and its vicinity, that he has o-

Hair Dressing and Perfume Shop.

TVOL. XXXII.

JAMES M. PIKE IS AGAIN AT HIS POST, EADY and anxious to attend to the respective commands of the Ladies and Gen-

tlemen of Levington and its vicinity, in the various duties it his profession.—Having removed his family to this country with an idea of becoming a permanent resident, he is determined, (if strict attention, prompt obedience, and faithful execution of their orders are the necessary requisites) to merit their patronage, being already satisfied, that with this community merit goes not unrewarded. He has lately added to his small stock of FANCY GOODS,

An elegant Assortment of Tortoise Shell Combs, cromprising the Tuck-ing, of various sizes, Long and Side, both oring, of various sizes, Long and Side, both ornamented and plain—a few very hardsome Toilette Boxes—Gold Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, Cologne Water, Antique Oil of various perfumes; a few fancy Soans, of the Orange, Rose, Vanilla, Jasmin, Boquet, Ambre and Eillet perfumes; Wash Balls, Fransparent, Liquid, and Windsor Soap; the Haban refined Black Led Pencils, by the dozen or single will Head Brushes, plain do and Cath. single; gilt Head Brushes; plain do. and Cloth; Ives's patent pocket Fire Works; Canton Phosphorus do.; Ivory and Pocket Combs; morocco Wallets; Silk Purses; Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Razors and Razor Straps; Scissors; Tooth Brushes; Court Plaister, &c.

Left of the old Stock—a few elegant CLASPS,

Cornelian, Mock Pearl, Jett and Gilt, together with Gilt Hooks and Eyes; Mock Pearl Beads, for children, &c. Gentlemen's Crop Wigs, Ladies' Bandeaus, Tiaras, Clusters and Frizettes, made on the shortest notice.
First quality of SPANISH CIGARS, con-

Lexington, June 19-tf

LAND FOR SALE.

1600 ACRES, on Otter creek, Hardin county, four miles from the Ohio, and twenty-five from Louisville. The soil is good and lies well for cultivation; a Mill seat belongs to this tract, on Otter creek, a never failing stream, and one of the best in the state for mills, or machinery of any kind. A good title will be made and possession given to the purchaser. For particulars enquire in Lexington, Kentucky, of the subscriber. JAS. COWAN.

FOR SALE.

July 24, 1818-6

Or would be exchanged for Geldings) THE NOTED HORSE BEDFORD. For terms, appply to William Bowman, Lexington, or to the subscriber in Mercer county. JOHN BOWMAN July 24-8t

Blacksmith's Shop.

ROLLEY BLUE RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has opened a BLACKSMITH'S SHOP in Water street, near the residence of doctor Campbell, and opposite the Upper Market-House—where he has every convenience and facility to enable him to execute his work in the neatest and best manner.

Every description of IRON WORK, HORSE

SHOEING, &c. &c. done at the shortest no-Lexington, April 17, 1818-tf

AT PRIVATE SALE A COUNTRY Seat entirely new, with five

in the neighborhood of Lexington. one third in cash, and the balance payable in

one and two years.

SHREVE & COMBS.

Auct'rs. and Com. Merchants.

Lex July 24—tf

PEWS, No's 18 8 22. IN the Market Street Presbyterian Church, are offered for sale Inquire at this officer are offered for sale Inquire at this office: August 7, 1818—3t.

FOR SALE,

TWO PEWS in an eligible situation in the Market Street Presbyterian Church.—They can be had separately, on good terms and a long credit. For particulars, enquire at the Gazette Office. July 31, 1818-3t

BARBACUE.

THE subscriber will furnish a Barbacue for Ladies and Gentlemen at Chilesburg, on Friday 28th instant, at which time he assures all those who may honor him with their company that nothing shall be wanting on his part to render their time agreeable.

RICHARD CHILES.

Chilesburg, August 14,——31*

A Young Man,

15 OR 16 years of age, well grown, and of an unexceptionable character, is wanted as an apprentice to the Miller's Business. Apply at the Tammany Mills, or to
JOHN & THOS. P. HART,

Lexington, July 31, 1318-tf

Ten Dollars Reward. STRAYED or Stolen from the subscriber, living in the town of Lexington, on or as bout the 28th of last month,

TWO HORSES; one a bright sorrel, about fifteen hands high, with some white in his face—no particular marks are recollected.—The other a chesnut sorrel, about fifteen hands high, with a blaze face and two white feet; and having also a remarkable white spot on one side, and perhaps on both. I will give the above reward to any person who will apprehend them, and notify person who will apprehend them, and notify me where I can get them.

ALEXANDER PARKER.

August 14-tf At a meeting of the board of Trustees of the Town of Lexington, on the 6th

BY AUTHORITY.

AN ACT
To defray the expences of the militia when marching to places of rendezvous.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House

of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the expenses incurred, or to be incurred by marching the militia of any state or territory of the United States to their places of rendezvous, in pursuance of a requisition of the President of the United States or which shall have been, or may be, incurred in case of calls, made by the authority of any state or territory, which shall have been, or may be, ap proved by him, shall be adjusted, and paid in like manner as the expenses incurred after their arrival at such place of rendezvous, on the requisition of the President of the United States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be considered as authorising any species of expenditure, previous to arriving at the place of rendezvous, which is not provided by existing laws to be paid for after their arrival at such place of rendez.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore April 20, 1818-Approved JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of Thomas Miller and Stephen

Baker. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized and empowered to pay to Thomas Miller and Stephen Baker, composing the firm of Miller and Baker, of the city of New York, the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, the value of the house in Greenwich, near the city of New York, which was rented in the autumn of one thousand eight hundred and twelve, by the said Miller and Baker, to C. Van De Venter late deputy quartermaster general, for the use and occupation of the troops of the United States: which said house, used and occupied at the risk of the United States, was subsequently burnt down | States. on the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, whilst used and occupied as aforesaid; which sum shall be in full of all demands made on the part of the said Miller and Baker, a-

gainst the United States. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid sum of three thousand five hundred dollars shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise ap-

propriated. H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, protempore April 18, 1818-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT Making the Port of Bath, in Massachusetts, a a port of en ry for sinps or vessels arriving from the cape of Good Hope, and from pla-ces beyond the same; and for establishing a collection district, whereof Belfast shall be the port of entry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States the Illinois territory, out of any moneys of America in Congress assembled, That in the treasury not otherwise appropriatthe port of Bath, in the state of Massa- ed, the sum of one thousand five hundred isetts, be, and hereby is, made a port of entry for ships or vessels arriving from the Cape of Good Hope, and from places beyond the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That a collection district be, and hereby is, established in the state of Massachusetts, which shall include all the ports and harbors on the western shore of the Penobscot bay and river, from the town of Camden to the town of Bangor, both inclusive; and a collector shall be appointed for the district, to reside at Belfast, which shall be the only port of entry for said district.

Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 10, 1818-Approved JAMES MONROE.

> AN ACT For the relief of John Work.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be paid to John Work, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two hundred and fifty nine dollars and forty-nine cents, in full for provision and forage furnished for several corps of Kentucky militia and others who volunteered their services and marched for the protection of the Pigeon Roost, and other frontier settlements of Indiana, in September

H. CLAY. Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 20, 1818-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

eighteen hundred and twelve.

AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to repay or remit certain alien duties there-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to cause to be repaid or remitted all alien or discriminating duties, either upon tonnage or merchandize imported, in respect to all British

eighteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, which have been paid, or secured to be paid, contrary to the provisions of the convention, regulating commerce between the territories of the United States and of his Britannic Majesty, bearing date the third day of July, eighteen hundred and fifteen: Provided, that this act shall no take effect until a similar provision shall be made by the government of Great Britain, in faver of American vessels, in regard to duties on tonnage and merchandize, entered in the British Europe an ports during the same period.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 20, 1818-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT
Authorising the disposal of certain lots of public ground in the city of New Orleans and town of Mobile.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House f Representatives of the United States f America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States shall have power, and he is hereby authorized, whenever in his opinion it shall be canistent with the public interest, to abandon the use of the navy arsenal, military hospital, and barracks, in the city of New Orleans, and of Fort Charlotte, at the town of Mobile; to cause the lots of ground whereon the said arsenal, hospital and barracks in New Orleans, and Fort Charlotte, at Mobile, now stand, to be surveyed and laid off into lots, with suitable streets and avenues, conforming, as near as may be, to the original plan of the city and town aforesaid; and, when the surveys are completed, one plat thereof shall be returned to the Secretary of the Treasury, and another to such officer or agent as the President shall have authorized to dispose of the said lots; and the said lots of ground shall be offered at public sale at the city of New Orleans and town of Mobile, respectively on such day or days as the President shall, by his Proclamation, designate for that purpose, in the same manner, and on the same conditions and terms of credit, as is provided by law for the sale of public lands of the United States, and patents shall be granted therefor as for other public lands sold by the United

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized as soon as in his opinion the public interest will permit, to cause the Fort St. Charles to be demolished, and the navy yard in said city to be discontinued, and the lot of ground on which the said fort is erected, shall be appropriated to the use of a public square and may be improved for that purpose by order of the corporation of the said

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. JAMES MONROE.

For the relief of Michael Jones. Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be paid to Michael Jones, of to Paris. The statue was again found services performed, and clerk hire expended, by him while acting as register of the land office, and commissioner of claims to land, in the District of Kaskas-

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate pro-tempore. April 16, 1818—Approved,
JAMES MONROE.

AN ACT For the relief of Daniel Burnet, Gibson Clark, and the legal representatives of Hubert Row

Be it enacted by the Senate and House f Representatives of the Untied States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the register of the land office and receiver of public monies west of Pearl river, in the state of Mississippi, to examine the evidence heretofore given, and to receive additional tesimony in the claims to land of Daniel Burnet and Gibson Clark, of the state of Mississippi, founded on warrants or orders of survey, granted by the Spanish government to James Davenport and James Stuart, and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the said register and receiver, that the said James Davneenport and James Stewart, under whom the said Daniel Burnet and Gibson Clark claim, were resident in the late Missis sippi territory, on the twenty-seventh day of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, then, and in that case, the claims aforesaid shall be res pectively confirmed, and patents shall issue for the same as in other cases. And it shall moreover be the duty of the said receiver of public monies, so refund to either of the said claimants any monies which they, or either of them, may have paid to the United States, in consequence of said lands being granted them in right

pre-emption. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That he legal representatives of Hube Rowel be, and they are hereby, confirm ed in their claim to a tract of land, lying and being in the state of Mississippi, on the waters of the Bayou Sarah, containing eight hundred and afty arpents, grante by the Spanish government to said Hu

authority of the United States.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 11, 1818---Approved, JAMES MONROE

William S. Foster,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That he proper accounting officers of the Department of War be, and they are hereby, authorized to audit and settle the several accounts of Benjamin Birdsall and William S. Foster, of the army of the United States, in such manner and upon such terms, as may be reasona-

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 20, 1818-Approved, JAMES MONROE.

FROM A LONDON PAPER. In our last paper we gave a description from Lord Byron of the celebrated are unknown. statue, the Venus de Medicis. The following pictures are furnished in the same style of excellence. The first is Laocoon, enfolded in the coils of a monstrous serpent. The second is the Apollo Belvidere, the most exquisite model female beauty. If the enchanting graces of the goddess have kindled the most glowing raptures in his lordship's mind, it may not perhaps be necessary to ascribe them to the superiority of the statue as a specimen of art.

A melancholy story was told in the Paris papers in 1807, connected with this celebrated statue of Apollo. It exemplifies in a striking manner the power, which the beauty of form, when genius has given the expression of mind to perfect symmetry of proportion, has over the human imagination. A girl of about 16, on a visit to Paris from Brittany, went to the Louvre to see the rich galleries of painting and sculptures, which that renowned capital has since exchanged for a gouty, pot-bellied king, a ferocious termagant, two or three underwitted royal dukes, and some score of blind, halt, effeminate noblesse. At ter visiting the gallery once or twice, her attention was entirely absorbed by this celebrated statue of Apollo. She soon became melancholy and exhibited symptoms of insanity. She was found early one morning in the galery beside the statue, which she had fancifully dressed with wreaths and garlands of flowers. The character of her insanity was then discovered. Her imagination had been so captivated by the exquisite beauty of this breathing marble, that her admiration was changed to a warmer and more impassioned sentiment. Her friends then removed her into the country, but it was too late. The wound was too deep to be healed. A single overwhelming passion had taken possession of her Resolved by the Senate and House of bosom. Her dejection and meiancholy increased, and she soon eluded the vigilance of her friends and wandered back beautifully decorated with flowers, and the devoted and unhappy maid was seen he was again taken into the coun escaped from her friends, she was found they are distinguished by that good sens dead. Life became a burthen, when and moderation, which are eminent

good authority. " Or, turning to the Vatican, go see Laocoon's torture dignifying pain—A father's love and mortal's agony And gripe, and the deepening dragon's grasp The old man's clench; the long envenomed

chain,
Rivets the hiving links—the enormous asp inforces pang on pang, and stifles gasp on gasp.

"Or view the Lord of unerring bow, The God offife, and poesy, and light— The Sun in human limbs arrayed, and brow All radiant in his triumph in the fight; The shaft has thus been shot-the arrow

With an immortal's vengeance; in his eye And nostril beautiful disdain, and might And majesty, flash their full lightnings by, Developing in that one glance the Deity.

"But in his delicate form-a dream of Love, Shaped by some solitary nymph, whose

Longed for a deathless lover from above, And maddened in that vision—are expres'd All that ideal beauty ever bless'd The mind within its most unearthly mood When each conception was a heavenly guest A ray of immortality—and stood, rlike, around, until they gather'd to a God

"And if it be Prometheus stole from Heaven The fire which we endure, it was repaid By him to whom the energy was given Which this poetic marble hath array'd With an eternal glory—which if made By human hands, is not of human thought And time himself hath hallowed it, nor laid One ringlet in the dust—nor hath it caught tings of years, but breath the flame with which 'twas wrought.'

From the Village Record. It is stated by Mr. Niles in his Regis ter, that the number of emigrants to this country amounts to 200 per week. It is truly a delightful thought that there is one spot on this earth where freedom has the pacific policy first adopted. taken up her abode, and sits surrounded by the laughing train of peace and plenty, inviting the oppressed of every clime to seek an asylum under her banners. Here the Frenchman, full of life and sensibility, may escape from the blessings

the third day of July, inclusive, and the |of May, one thousand seven hundred and | man may find a refuge from the burdens | ard Watson, Bishop of Landaff: written | my cruizers to intercept him. I comninety-one: Provided, the said land has not been already disposed of under the may here escape from a load of taxes consuming his income, and a proud nobility, sometimes ignorant, always arrogant, and often depraved, insulting honest ndustry by the glitter of their equipage while they are rioting on the wealth lrawn from the pockets of the people Here the intelligent and industrious High lander may find a milder climate, hu-AN ACT mane laws, and a rich soil inviting his la-For the relief of Benjamin Birdsall and bors. Merry Ireland! and how shall I that he was always a decided opponent o speak of thee and thine? "Sweetest Isle of the ocean' - Nature hath been to thee forced us to be independent was called in thrice bountiful .- Prolific is thy soil: beautiful thy hills clothed in greenlovely thy vales, alive with lowing herd. The red salmon delights to disport him in the pure waters of the Liffey, the Shannon and the Ban. Fair are thy daugh ters, O Ireland; brave and generous are thy sons-Why art thou not blessed?-The hand of tyranny rests heavy upor thee, thou art deeply entangled in the toils of oppression. Let those come, then to a land that owes much of its freedom this country:
and prosperity to the valor of Montgo- "I pretend not to judge of military arrange and prosperity to the valor of Montgo mery, of Wayne, and other heroes de scended from her soil! Here industry shall reap its reward; here worth and virtue shall command respect, where

London Messenger. How seldom were such expressions heard from Englishmer before the late war, so wicked, unnaturof manly, as the Venus de Medicis is of al, unholy and disgraceful, according to nations, receive the products of our industry our political federalists. We are view- and Great Britain will, for the mutual beneff ed not only with respect in Europe, but of the two nations, protect the commerce of America against the aggression of France and ed not only with respect in Europe, but friendship is thought worth courting How much of this respect do we owe to Governor Strong and his counsellors And what would have been our condition at this time, had the policy of the be held in remembrance.

" Of all the nations in the world, the Americans are formed to become, eventually, the equal rivals and competitors of England; they are of the same roo and trunk with ourselves; their constitution is as good, because made after the experience of our own: and it is absurd to imagine that their understandings differ much more from us than their bodies andpersons. It always appears to us unnatural, as well as most absurd to speak with any contempt of what is our own family-transplanted only in-

to a remote region. "We will even say more; -we con ceive that the institutions in America and particularly the practice of govern ment, may afford many useful lessons to the more ancient governments of Eu rope; and that kings and people may learn, that governors are made for men and not men for governors; that the first consideration, every where, is the people, and the comfort of the people; that there is no very close and necessa ry connection between the expensive splendors of Princes and the happines of the country; and that the Americans are free and happy, though their president hangs the bridle of his horse to pale, whilst he enters the Congress .-If America wants something which we may possess, she likewise possesses much of which we are in want.

Such is the style in which our counsitting in incurable melancholy at its try is now spoken of by the sensible po liticians in Europe. The following r try, and a few days afterwards, having marks are from the same article, and torn from that, which had so strangely characteristic of the paper from which captivated her affection. Such is the they are taken. They afford another story, and from the manner in which it proof of the power of that restrictive syswas told, it seemed to stand on pretty tem, which was so much ridiculed formerly by the folly of the federalists, but to which by their support of the great navigation law, they have become decided converts. It is this very law on which With an immortal patience blending:—Vain
The struggle; vain, against the coiling strain
ing, and from which he anticipates much ing, and from which he anticipates much

injury to his country. "There is reason to apprehend that the effect of these laws upon the Eng lish colonies will be very serious an mischievous, as their plantations have always been supplied, and their popu lation fed, from the adjacent American coast. It is said, indeed, that in the short interruption of the late war, they procured the same supply from ou own British American possessions, and that they may repeat the same method But, in the first place, the interruption of peace was too short to afford the du proof of the sufficiency of this supply and secondly, that according to the me morials of the celonists themselves, Canada and Halifax are totally inadequate to that purpose. If this be the actual state of things, we may expect a scene of much commercial distress, and such an increase upon the price of colonial produce as will be felt by all classes.'

The doctrine of Bell, the doctrine of our navigation law, is precisely the doc trine of the restrictive system, and of Mr. Madison's resolutions in 1794. That system, but for the violence and frauds of the federal party, would have redressed our wongs. As it was, the pacific system was exchanged for war; and we own to thanks to the federalists, if the result has proved that war, though perhaps not nore efficacious, was a remedy more rapid in its effects, as well as more honorale to the country in its progress, than

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

BISHOP WATSON.

A very interesting work has been recently published in England, and it is un- fore declare him a pirate; and as

by himself at different intervals, and re-vised in 1814." We have seen some exwish to see more of it, and that it may have a general circulation. It affords, judging from what we have seen, a portrait of an intrepid, but tolerant prelate; fearless in the discharge of his duty, but overflowing with that charity which " co vers a multitude of sins." It is an addi-tional recommendation of his writings, the American war, as the war which England. And in his later days, we find the same generous principles actuating im in opposition to the measures of the Ministry, which drove us into the late war with Great Britain. In a letter to lord Carysfort, in September, 1809, is the following remarkable passage, referring to the disavowal by the British gov ernment, of the arrangement made by Mr. Erskine, in May, 1809, for the ter mination of the existing differences with

ments, but I do pretend to judge of the conduct of government towards America. What! when we have not an ally, not a friend who wishes us ted for destruction, as to make an enemy of tythes and back rents, and lords and nobles, those cancers of the body polttic, are unknown.

America also? Supposing (but not admitting) Mr. Erskine to have exceeded his commission, what an opportunity would that circumstance have afforded us of saying to America, We wish to live on terms of amity with you, and we will give you this pledge of our sincerity, we will ratify the stipulations made by Mr. Erskine notwithstanding his baying in some parts. skine, notwithstanding his having, in some par-ticulars, exceeded his instructions: we are united by nature, let us be united by good will. America will, for the mutual benefit of the two

"The death of a single prince in any part of Europe, remarkable either for wisdom or folly, renders political conjectures of future contingencies so extremely uncertain, that I seldom indulge mybeen successful? These things ought to be hald in self in forming them; yet it seems to me probable, that Europe will soon be divided among three powers, France, Austria and Russia, and in half a century, between two, France and Russia; and that America will become the greatest naval power on the globe, and be replenished by migrations of oppressed and discontent. ed people from every part of Europe."

> FROM THE WASHINGTON CITY GAZETTE. A very general expression of satisfaction seems to prevail, since the return of some of the commissioners to South America, on account of the apparent diligence and attention with which they have executed the important trust committed to them by the executive. Their principal object was to visit Buenos Ayres, but it appears exceedingly welltimed to have taken a glance at the seat of Brazillian royalty, though at the mortifying moment of the first American monarch being invested with its trappings This ceremony will be a remarkable era in American history, and it certainly formed a striking contrast to the repub lican customs of the Buenos Ayreans .-Their visit to Margaritta was also judi cious, and their presence both animating and flattering to its independent inhabi tants. The information there catered,

which had heretofore always been of a doubtful complexion, reaches us in clear and distinct terms, through them, and is quite opposite to the rumors which the royalists, by holding the ports on the Maine, generally had the aevantage of riots. Venezuela, who had the courage the last to obtain it: we rejoice that he is in a fair way to get rid of her tyrants, and assert her independence. Nine years of active warfare has not exhausted her patience, or slackened her perseverance. Bolivar, Bermudes, and Arismendi, with a numerous army, are in the field, determined to save their country.

KINGSTON, (JAM.) JUNE 16. Arrived schooner Perseverance, Lou is, St. Jago de Cuba, 2 days. By the P. we learn that the American brig Charles arrived at St. Jago a week before her departure, after a passage of 60 days from New-Orleans. Off Cape Cruz she had been boarded by an Insurgent privateer, which plundered her of several barrels of flour, and took from the passengers some specie and wearing apparel.

A letter from admiral Brion, dated at the Five Islands, the 1st ult. to a gentleman at St. Thomas's, says :- "The last accounts state that our army had been increased to 4000 men, and I calculate by this time they are about 10,000 near the Caraccas, not including the forces under generals Paez and Cedeno; and my presence off the corst will, I hope, conclude the affair with the Royalists. The only refuge for the Spaniards is Puerto Ca bello.-I am about enforcing a rigid block ade with my squadron, viz. the Vittoria, (flag ship) 36 guns, two corvettes of 24 guns, and various others of less caliber independent of smaller vessels. In a few days I shall be on the coast."

Extract from a despatch from admiral Brior to the commandant at St. Thomas, dated 1st

" Being in these seas with the greater part of my squadron, I agreeably to order inform your government that the ports of Cumana, Laguira, Puerto Cabello, and Maracaybo, &c. in the possession of the Royalists, are declared in a state of blockade, so that your excellency may give notice of the same to the merchants of your island.

"One Hodgson has armed and fitted out privateers without any authority from the Venezuelian government: I there

municate this information, wishing to preserve harmony with the different govtracts from this book, which make us ernments in amity with the Independents of South America.

June 20 .- The brigantine Mexican Congress, of 12 guns, captain Parker, having on board commodore Aury, cameto anchor off Frank's Key yesterday forenoon, when captain P. came ashore to request permission of the governor and admiral to come into port for the purpose of obtaining a supply of provisions and

From the Norfolk Herald, July 27, 1818.

FROM GIBRALTAR. (Per the Thomas Tenant.)

EXTRACT OF A LETTER TO THE EDITORS, DATED "Cibraltar, June 3. "I have no news to send you by this opportunity, save only that the poor Dons are so harassed by the "vile rebels," the privateers, that even the little coasting trade between this and Cadiz, only sixty miles in extent, is cut up. All trade of value between these two ports is carried on either under the American or English flag. Four privateers have literally blockaded the port of Cadiz for some time past, making captures in sight of

the walls! And the Russian fleet in port!! "Our elegant ship the Franklin, captain Ballard, has just anchored in this bay, 8 days from Leghorn. No news by ner. The Peacock sailed with her, and will, be in in the course of the day. The others remain aloft."

Captain Herbert informs that the Peacock had arrived before he sailed.

BONAPARTE AND MARIA LOUISA.

By a French officer arrived last week from Genoa, per brig Joseph S. Lewis, captain Nesmos, we hear that colonel Pionthouski, the same who followed Bonaparte to St. Helena, and was compelled by the British to return to England, and from thence went to Italy, was arrested at Genoa, and put in the tower, where he was detained a prisoner for one month, from whence he was removed to the fortress of Alexandria, where he is treated with all the respect due to his

The Genoa newspapers have announced that it was reported colonel P. had been arrested on account of despatches from Bonaparte to the ex-empress Maria Louisa having been found upon him.

There is now only only one Bank in France; -it is proposed to establish another at Bordeaux.

From London Papers.

LONDON, JUNE 10. The arrival of major Moodie, on Saturday, with despatches for lord Bathurst, from sir Hudson Lowe, at St. Helena, has excited some speculation in the city, coincident as it is with the account of the landing of a sailor at that island. The sailor had been one of the crew of the Northumberland man of war, which carried Bonaparte from Europe to St. Helena, and in that situation had formed an acquaintance with Bonaparte's servants. This sailor afterwards became one of the crew of an East-Indiaman, which being at St. Helena, the sailor, in the night, contrived to swim from the vessel, clamber up the rocks, visit and pass some hours gaily among Bonaparte's domestics. This he did two several nights without being discovered or noticed; but in conversation on board of the ship, he boasted of his adroitness, and told confidentially to propagating to the prejudice of the pa- his messmates what he had done. Knowledge of the transaction transpired; he to strike the first blow for liberty in the was arrested, and examined, and conductbuthern hemisphere, it appears will not ed home to England, in confinement : but it has not appeared that he had any sinister intention, or more in view than an innocent frolic. It is not believed Bonaparte knew of his being among his servants.-However, the occurrence is supposed to have demonstrated the possibility of Bonaparte's escape on board of any English vessel, the captain of which might be inclined, for a bribe or otherwise, to convey him to Europe or America. Indeed, it is reported several such occurrences have taken place at St. Helena, as to induce sir Hudson Lowe to declare to the government at home, that if vessels are allowed to come to that island as at present, he cannot answer for the security of his prisoner. It is reported in the city, that major Moodie is come home to make representations on this subject, and it is supposed another place of refreshment will be assigned for our East-Indiamen. (Courier.

> BALTIMORE, August 4. UNFORTUNATE EVENT.

We regret to state, that about two o'lock this morning, the elegant Steam Boat Surfrise, commanded by captain Spencer, and owned by Messrs. George Stiles and Son, was discovered to be on fire, and was almost entirely consumed before the assistance of the firemen in arresting its ravages could be rendered effectual. It commenced near the forecastle, some distance from the machinery, where there had been no fire or any combustible matter.- It is strongly suspected to have been the work of some nalicious incendiary.

The Surprise arrived about eight o'lock last evening, from Annapolis, and as usual every thing on board was properly secured, and remained safe when the captain left her. We sincerely regret to state further, that the loss of the owners is estimated to be at least tweny-five thousand dollars.

NASHVILLE, August 11. The first day of the sale of land at St. Louis, out of nearly three hundred quarter sections offered for sale, only one was id for. This apathy is accounted for vessels which have been entered in ports of the United States, at any time between legally and fully legitimacy. Here the industrious Ger- entitled, "Anecdotes of the Life of Rich- apprehended, I shall give directions to and out of it reserving from sale, every rom the commencing the sale with the poorest district in the Missouri territory,

up by an individual. At Howard courthouse there is expected to be no sale in protected from insult, and that each one September. Colonel Wadsworth refused to serve as register—the president of all. has since appointed a Mr. Carrol of Maryland, his successor, but as he cannot not reach there in time to prepare for the September sales, it is expected there | cure the peace of just men; also to curb will be none until November.

The convention for forming a stat constitution in the Illinois territory is in session-Judge Thomas is president .-A committee is now drafting the constitution. It is said a kind of trial of the strength of parties has determined the in the province of Texas, were those question against admitting slavery in any French to whom congress granted a shape-21 to 12.

MADRID, (SPAIN,) MAY 27. The royal decree for opening free ports in Spain, and which has occasioned so much speculation, has been suspended.

The greatest activity exists in all the arsenals for the equipment of the troops enlightened and humane legislators of destined on the expedition now fitting at | America. Cadiz; but no time has yet been fixed on for their embarkation .- They are expected to sail in all June. We remark with pleasure, that a great number of offi- respected by every one in the country cers who distinguished themselves in the | many other Frenchmen of eminence are war for the extirpation of the French, also his companions there, contented and have requested leave to be employed in happy. It is also a mistake that the this expedition, the most formidable French officers of Texas had any conwhich has sailed from our ports for many cern in the Alabama country, and which

EMIGRANTS.

From the Democratic Press. Mr. Binns-I send you for publication, some extracts from a manifesto, which has been published by the French officers who have lately established themselves on Trinity river, in the province of Texas. It would seem from the tenor of the principles announced, that they have taken possession as sovereigns, with intention of erecting an independent power. They have constituted a military form of government, and declare it as their intention to justify their occupancy of the territory by arms. It will be recollected, that many of these were the This must be obvious to every reader of my persons to whom congress granted a tract of land in the Alabama territory, on terms, I know that many of the French officers now so very favorable. They have sold out their titles to speculators, and with the who is the principal person, the military and proceeds have been enabled to possess civil governor at Texas, was Chairman of the themselves, without leave or license, of Committee of French Emigrants in this city, the tract they now occupy. The United who were the agents of the emigrants who procured from congress the grant of lands in Ala Rio del Norte under the treaty for the purchase of Louisiana. The new colony is consequently included in our territorial jurisdiction, and their proceedings are in hostility to our laws.

Champ D'Azile, Province of Texas, ? May 11th, 1818. Re-united by a series of the same calamities which have torn us from our zens of Wilmington he is remembered and, above all, the disinterested devotion homes, and scattered us suddenly in dif- with particular regard and respect, founferent countries, we have resolved to seek | ded in an intimate acquaintance with his | cause, evincing a spirit which no earthly an asylum, where we may be able to re- character, during several years in their cal our misfortunes, that we may draw Borough, while an exile from his counfrom them useful lessons.

a country abandoned by civilized man, turn to Europe-The regret of his friends where are only to be seen some points oc- here, at this unavoidable separation, has cupied or traversed by Indian tribes, who, been frequently relieved by letters from content with the chase, leave without cul | him, breathing the affections of a virtutivation a territory as fertile as extended. In the adversity of which we boast, far and this country, whose institutions and from its humbling our spirit, we exer- political career, are the constant obcise the first right granted to man, by the jects of his esteem and approbation. A author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally author of nature, in establishing ourselves citizen of this place (who is a native of premacy of lederansm) has been equally appreciated by the premacy of lederansm of the premacy of the premacy of lederansm of the premacy of lederansm of the premacy of on this land to fertilize it by our labors, Ireland) after an absence of more than

refuses to perseverance. intentions. We ask peace and friendship street, Dublin, where he was welcomed with all who surround us; and we will with the genuine hospitality of Ireland. be grateful for the kindness which will He found him unaltered, except by the be extended to us. We will respect the hand of time-firm in the principles religion, the laws, the manners and the which had marked his life, and still reusages of civilized nations. We will re- taining a lively recollection of his friends sport the independence, the customs, the in this vicinity, to whom he charged him mode of life of the Indian nations, whom with letters, accompanied by testimonies we will not restrain either in their hunt- of his affection. ing, or in any other point of existence.

whom it will be expedient, social rela- tablishments in Dublin, and at Killala tions and good neighborhood, as well as Castle, in Mayo, display all the refinecommercial pursuits.

Our deportment will be peaceful, active and laborious; we will be useful to good for good.

But, if it be possible, that our situation may follow us to the deserts where we have sought a retreat, we ask it of all reasonable men, what defence would have been ever more legitimate than ours? It will be that of the most entire devotion. Our resolution is taken beforehand. We have arms .- The care of our preservation has imposed it on us, to furnish ourselves with them, as men in our situation always have done. The land on which we have placed ourselves will behold us prosper, or bravely die. There we will live honorably and free, or will find our tomb; and just men will grant a testimony of esteem to our memory. But, we have a right to look for a more happy result; and our first care ought tracing the simple regulations, which the Juan, Oct. 27, 1817 .- Col. Cent. will be a guarantee of our dispositions.

colony is skuated-Champ D'Azile. our reverses, will also recal the necessity same point, with the finest army ever of fixing our destiny; of setting up anew perhaps heard of in India. The Gover-

ating a new country. and commercial, will be military for its division alone amount to 67,000. For preservation.

It will be divided into cohorts:

A general register, formed from that tion of the colony.

same place, that they may be the better may live tranquilly under the protection

A colonial code shall forthwith be made, to guarantee safety and property; to prevent and to repress wrongs; to sethe evil intentions of the wicked.

From the same.

Mr. Binns-It is stated in your paper of the 23d instant, that certain French officers who have established themselves tract of land in the Alabama. This is a mistake; the association to whom congress made the grant have proceeded ac cording to their original intention, and have already made considerable progress in the survey and improvement of the lands for which they feel grateful to the

General Le Febvre Desnouettes, like another Cincinnatus, is now in the Alabama cultivating his farm, beloved and they are said to have sold out to speculators, and with the proceeds were ena-INTERESTING NEWS OF THE FRENCH bled to transport themselves to the Spanish territories. The fact is that a considerable number of French officers long ago had determined to get a footing in the Spanish dominions, and last winter many of them when in Philadelphia, in order to conceal their scheme, gave out that they were going to the Alabama.-This circumstance has misled your correspondent in his notice of the Alabama settlement. A regard for justice induces me to request your insertion of the foregoing remarks in your useful paper.

> [I certainly have every disposition to do justice; indeed my prejudices and feelings incline me to the side of the emigrant French officers. paper. I owe it however to truth to say that in Texas, did get and did sell Alabama lands. I also know, that general Charles L'Allemand, baina .- Editor Dem. Press]

> > WILMINGTON, (Del.) July 8.

ARCHIBALD HAMILTON ROWAN The name of Hamilton Rowan is familiar to every man conversant with the ring the last thirty years. By the citi-front victories gained by the Patriots; try. It is about eighteen years since A vast country presents itself to us: this gentleman left Wilmington to re ous and uncorrupted heart, towards them winter and spring, and called up We attack no one; we have no hostile on Mr. Rowan at his house in Leinster-

Mr. Rowan's circumsances are very We will maintain with all those, to affluent; his income is large, and his esments of European splendor: He takes no part in the public transactions of Ireland: Although, sensibly alive to its the extent of our power, and will render miseries, which the lapse of years has greatly aggravated, he feels that his effects would be inadequate to relieve be not respected, and that persecution them, and seeks in domestic occupations and scientific pursuits, those gratifications which are congenial to his inclinations and period of life. Our informant adds, that Ireland presents a scene of general misery and oppression; time, instead of healing its misfortunes, only witness their accumulation; and the general wish of its people appears to be, to precipitate themselves from its shores, and seek an asylum in the United States. Del. Watchman.

THE POMP OF WAR.

The reader may form some idea of the 'Pomp of War' in India, and the amount of what are called the followers of the army by the following extract of to be, to merit the general assent, in a letter from a British officer, written on

"The whole of the army now on the We will name the place where our field, consists of 10 divisions, each of about 10,000 men. We are advancing This denomination, in recalling to us from the three Presidencies towards the our household gods; in a word, of cre- nor General is with our division, which is about 13,000 strong, with 60 pieces of The colony, essentially agricultural cannon. The camp followers of this ven, in time, the whole lump. the carriage of the baggage of our regiment, we have 40 elephants and 40 cam-Each cohort will have a chief, who will els; every elephant has two keepers, be required to keep a register of the per- and every two camels one. Of us there sons who compose it, and to preserve it are 37 officers present, among whom there are 810 servants; every horse in the regiment has two attendants, one as

tract where a prefence of claim was set | The cohorts will be collected in the for the mess, and 900 for the bazar to regiment alone, about 3,500 followers, besides their wives, children, &c.

"The Marquis of Hastines travels in a most princely style; he has 150 elephants and 400 camels, besides state elephants splendidly accoutered, having superb solid silver howders or castles on them. Those in favor of a new election their backs. There are now actually have known and repeatedly said, that al 36 Rajahs and Independent Chieftains, the federalists were hostile to it; they their respects to the Marquis. Some

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

LEXINGTON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 21.

EXTRACT TO THE EDITOR, DATED Washington City, August 8, 1818. "The great dearth of news in the metropolis, renders any communication at this time, quite uninteresting. The President, and Secretaries of the Treasury and Navy, being all absent from the seat of government, we have no cabinet councils, nor any topics of conversation upon public affairs, beyond what you see in the newspapers; and indeed our editors, for want of other matter, are loading their papers with the most trifling incidents, which weary the patience of an American while he reads them. The passage of a member of congress through a distant town, or his arrival at this city on private business, or pleasure; the visit of a minister plenipotentiary to the Vice-President, or on board a vessel of war: the fashions of Europe; the new titles conferred by monarchs, and the various excursions of military officers, both in Europe and America, are the sublime subjects with which we are entertained; and if we are sometimes refreshed with good news from the Patriots of South America, such mysterious silence prevails among the members and admirers of court, that it is difficult to ascertain whether they are regarded as brothers, with an eye of jealousy, as our future rivals. Public sentiment, however, will never be silent, when the name of liberty is sounded; and that sacred cause, whebe regarded in this country, as the comdependence entire, "unawed by influence and unbribed by gain," there are evident received from that struggling people. The favorable accounts said to be given history and misfortunes of Ireland, du- by Messrs. Rodney and Graham; the rewhich is manifested to the common power can conquer, inspire a general confidence, that Spanish America is destined to be free. The flame kindled

> but very willing to forget. The general he conduct of general Jackson on that the conduct of general Jackson on that it is sober truth or only a ridiculous gas-occasion, and would have supported the conade, time, perhaps, will show." executive in the measure, had not only West Florida, but all the peninsula, been bandoned; and with it, I believe, all Such a war may ultimately prove a wise

shall remain tardy in the recognition of

measure with the administration. years since, were rejoicing in the event which gave our enemies the opportunity of uniting all their force against us, and tending for the maintenance of its independence-or whether the leaders of faction deem it advisable to amalgamate, in order to share the loaves and fishes-or whether there is a real change in the principles of the administration, which hope is indulged, that great benefit will arise from the present union of parties, a fear has been expressed, that a sufficiency of the old leaven remains, to lea-

ELECTION RESULT.

these alone amount to 1400, besides 120 side of the question.

supply the provisions; and all, for our very good republicans have been conscientiously opposed to the measure which has been desired by Kentucky for the last twelve months; but we can see no peculiar reason at this time for tendering to them the right hand of fellowship when it has never been withheld from of various ranks, on their way to pay have justly denounced the blue light of Canada. This has often been admit leaders of that party as " enemies to the of them indeed are already in camp. rights of the people;" they believe too The Governor General, in fact, is now that some professed republicans have, as great a man as ever the Great Mo- in the progress of the discussion of this ubject, become apostates to some of th best principles which have always dis tinguished our party; but the greater number of that part of the republicans opposed to a new election, have neve een proscribed; they have never had ny right to suppose that they were dispolitical fellowship, would be an admission that we had injured them, and a dethe correctness of their course.

As for the real enemies of popular ights, the Boston stamp federalists, who surround and control the two or three presses in Kentucky devoted to the a buse of republicanism; we never wish to hold political fellowship with them .-Their touch would contaminate; politimine and destroy.

Canadian History of the War.

A late number of the New York Evenng Post contains a short notice of a Canadian publication under the following ti-

"The military and naval operations in the Canadas, during the late war with the United States, including, also, the political history of Lower Canada, during the administration of Sir James Craig and sir George Prevost, from the entitled to our sympathics-or viewed year 1807 until the year 1815. by Robcert Christie, Esq."

the defeat of Proctor at Sandusky, by ther in Europe or America, will always colonel Croghan, one of the most galland actions of the war; and what is still more mon cause of man. Among those, even surprising, passes by without one word of in this place, who retain the spirit of in- notice, the memorable battle of Lake Champlain. The editor of the Post takes fire at these unwarrantable omissions marks of joy, at the recent intelligence without, we think, very good cause. After the publication of James's account of the naval actions of the war, and the liberal patronage which that publication received from the admiralty, the trifling suppression of two or three mortifying defeats, which could not be accounted the overwhelming pride of Englishmen.

ought not to excite much admiration. But our present business is less with

yet appears to be waiting in suspense, ject for many reflections: "He discovers throughout, a hostile

The perusal of this paragraph, certreason, when their services are no longidea of war with Spain for the present. er wanted. During the war the British into their official documents the gross-"Never, since the close of the revo- est calumnies of that faction. But the lutionary war, has there been a more per- war is over. Their services are no long fect political calm, than appears to pre- er wanted, and they are now treated with vail here at this time. All parties apthat supercilious contempt which their pear to consider Mr. Monroe, as either mean and servile complaisance to the elonging to their own, or to no party. common enemy, and their rancourous Whether any real change of sentiment hostility to their own country merit, ev has taken place with those, who, but four en from Englishmen. They have irrecoverably lost the confidence of Americans, and have gained in exchange only the bitter taunts and biting jeers of their endeavoring by every possible means to old friends. After serving the English divide and distract the nation, when con- so long with such exemplary fidelity, it is no wonder that the Post complains of

such treatment. It is amusing to observe how faithfuly this file leader of the party preserves his hypocritical cant, and perseveres in ascribing the turbulent and factious viohas not yet become apparent to the mass lence of the federalists to conscience, of the people, time must determine, when even the common enemy lays aside Harmony is delightful, if not purchased all disguise, and calls his own friends a at too dear a rate; and while the fond faction. It was conscience we suppose that induced the federalists to enter intol a conspiracy with the British in Canada, y; to engage in combinations to oppose and obstruct enlistments; to denounce all who either lent money to the government, or gave their bleeding country any gislature, are however still in favor or a of provisions and giving information.-

We admit with the Argus, that many | Convention, and the federal intrigues | with Lord Liverpool's acknowledged a gent and authorised spr, Henry. After so many illustrations, who can doubt the Omnium 5-8 premium. pure conscience of federalism?

One remark further. The Post here dmits that it was the treasonable and facious opposition of the federalists, to copy the language of their Canadian friends, or according to the Post, the conscience of the party that prevented the conquest ted by the federal party. Taking it to be true just as stated, what ought to be the feelings of the American people toward that party? Are they entitled to confidence? Shall we receive them after this Parliament dissolved. they have become the ridicule and contempt of their old masters? Had all the projects of that faction, during the war been successful, it is difficult to say what would have been the present condition of the United States. One thing is cercarded from the republican ranks; and, tain, we should have bitter cause to rue therefore, to offer them now the hand of the conscience of federalism. But the good fortune of the American people prevailed, or rather a good providence parture from that self-respect which defeated the designs both of their interought always to mark the conduct of mal and external foes; and the servile inserving men conscious of the rectitude of the struments of a foreign enemy have met principles which govern them, and of the contempt which their conduct merited on both sides of the water. The faction have now found that hon-

cety is the best policy. The Post intimates in pretty intelligible terms, that after such marked ingratitude on the part of the English, the federalists feel are just grounds for dissatisfaction, and their conscience more at ease on the subject of a British war. It is surprising cal communion with them would under- what light a little contempt has thrown on these difficult questions of casuistry. What a relief it must be to the conscience of federalists, to find that they can lend their aid to the country, when at war with " the bulwark of our religion," and that without being subject to the crime of murder or sacrilege; and what a pity that Governor Strong, our own " Massachusetts Washington," had

chivalry would not have restrained his impatient valor behind the banks of the Connecticut. Then we suppose in imi- of Frankfort. tation of a back-woods governor, he would have flown on the wings of the This historian in the genuine spirit of wind to the post of honor and danger. an Englishman, totally omits to mention Unfortunately as the case is, prudence is the only qualification that shone preeminent in the military charcter of this renowned chevalier during a three years war, in which one third of his territory became a cheap and bloodless conquest of Portland Argus. the enemy.

> FEDERAL IMPROVIDENCE. FROM THE BOSTON PATRIOT.

More than a million of Money lost to the people of Massachusetts will not lose sight of the important fact, that since the administration of the government of this for by the ordinary excuses, made to save state by the federalists, they have sold funded debt, bank stock, &c. belonging to the state, and handed over to them by the republicans, to the amount of UP in the north has illuminated the south; the English author, than the American WARDS OF A MILLION OF DOL and another great empire will arise on commentator. The Post has always LARS!—Property on which, during the this continent, the envy of tyrants, the been considered as holding up the stand- administration of governor Gerry, the repose of virtue, the asylum of the op- ard of federal orthodoxy. The follow- state received a yearly interest of more pressed. If our government, which as ing remark by the editor, affords a subtion to this immense loss of property, our their independence, the public voice will temper towards the United States, which try and Europe, (occasioned by the suloss of character, both in our own counno doubt soon prevail, and cause itself to often vents itself in illiberal sarcasm and premacy of federalism) has been equally "The taking of Pensacola has caused to speak of the federal party, he does Massachusetts are now fully convinced and to demand from it the products it twenty years, visited his country during a little agitation in this place; and many of the folly of having deprived the rehave undoubtedly been waiting, with anxious solicitude, to learn the mind of cleman, to use the opprobrious terms, ed it upon their opponents, as the consethe executive upon the subject, that they FEDERAL FACTION.—It might quences have been so disast ous. There might know whether to approve or condemn the act. But if the more cautious med as he, that if that faction had ap- or character, but by restoring the state have held themselves in reserve; others proved of the war, and could conscient to republican counsels. The republicans have, by an ungovernable impetuosity, ciously have lent their cordial heart and left the state rich and respectable; the broke out in strains of censure upon ge- hand to carry it on, his boasted Canadas federalists have injured its reputation, neral Jackson, which now, if too proud would hardly have opposed an effectu- and reduced it to poverty. Let the peoto retract, they are not ready to repeat, al barrier to our arms: we had only ple say to the republicans, "well done, to have marched to their shore, and they good and faithful servants," and let them sentiment has, unquestionably, approved would have been ours. Whether this restore to their stewardship those who

> Mr. Eustis, the late Minister to Holtainly gave us no little pleasure. It land, with his family, has arrived in this aken and retained, in retaliation for shews us in what estimation traitors are town. His return is a welcome acqui-Spanish spoliations. But that point is held, even by those who profit by the sition to the republican party in this state. The times, we hope, are soon to arrive, when this party will be as firmly complimented the federalists, by copying established here, as it now is in Connecticut. Boston Yankee:

> > LITERARY.

A Baltimore paper mentions, that GEORGE WATTERSON, Esq. librarian of the United States' library, has acknowledged himself the author of "Letters paid down: a credit of twelve months will be from Washington, by a Foreigner," originally published in the National Register .- The author of the Letters intends to re-publish them in a small volume.

From the Commercial Advertiser, July 29. LATEST FROM ENGLAND. By the Montague Packet, which arrired this morning from Falmouth, the editors of the Commercial Advertiser have received London papers to the evening of the 10th of June, inclusive, and the General Shipping and Commercial lists to the 8th.

The British Parliament was dissolved on the 10th, and orders were issued for the election of a new parliament.

On the 9th of June, a Bill was passed for suspending the operation of the Acr o reduce our government to bankrupt- of the Scots Parliament of 1695, and other acts relative to the naturalization o Aliens.

The papers contain official despatchles from India, by which it appears, that The non-electionists in this state have voluntary aid, as murderers, and invoke hostilities have terminated in that quar gained one member in the senate, and a upon them the vengeance of heaven; it ter. "Holker's army was so completely few in the house. A majority of eight was conscience without doubt, that influ-or ten in the popular branch of the new that no aid the enemy in supplies pursued, by Sir John Malcolm, that no lalternative was left to him, but to follow new election of governor; and a large The Connecticut blue lights, were shin- the example of Scindiah, by subscribin of the cohorts, will be kept by the direct a groom, the other to provide grass; majority of the people are on the same ing proofs of the tender consciences of such a treaty as the conquerors though federalists, and not less so the Hartford fit to dictate.

Price of Stocks on the 10th of June, per cent. red. 78 5-8 3-4-4 per cents. 96 7-8-Cons. for Acct. 79 3-4 5-8-

London, (Wednesday afternoon) June 10. To-day, at 2 o'clock, the Prince Regent proceeded in state from Charlton house to the House of Peers, whither the Commons being summoned, his roy: al highness gave his sanction to several public and one private bill, and delivered a speech from the throne, in which he intimated a design of forthwith dissolving the present Parliament, and calling another. When his Royal highness had concluded, the Lord Chancellor declared

The Queen .- The account of her majesty vesterday was-" The Queen has had but an indifferent night, but was much better yesterday."

An article under the Glasgow head of the 1st of May, states that the American Consul, at Havre, after notifying that Messrs. Gallatin and Eustis, the commissioners sent to France, for the purpose of negotiating a Commercial Treaty, had failed in obtaining their object, addressed a letter, dated Havre, 1st December, to the President and members of the Chamber of Commerce stating the serious charges that exist as to the dutied on American ships and cargoes in France. He concludes thus: -" It must be obvious to you that there that they will, when known, tend greatly to injure the commerce of this place with the United States." The chamber of Commerce gave no reply whatever: there was in consequence a public meeting held, at which the merchants passed several violent resolutions reflecting on the French government, and the great exactions imposed on the trade of America.

On Friday, the 31st ult. in Frederick county, not made this discovery five or six years sooner. Then this flower of modern of Washington city, Chief Clerk in the office of Internal Revenue, in the 30th year of his

> - At the Blue Lick, JAMES HUGHES, ESC. --- in Russia, Field Marshal Prince Bar-

> > Lexington Theatre.

THE Manager respectfully announces the opening of the Theatre for a short season, which will take place as soon as the reinforcement, under the escort of Mr. Alexander, arrives. He begs leave to assure the Ladies and

Gentlemen of Lexington, that the house will continue to be conducted with that strict attention weich heretofore has obtained the distinguished patronage of his friends and the suf-frage of a candid public. A selection of new DRAMAS of approved worth, of moral and the state of Massachusetts.—We hope and which will be supported by performers of excellent capacities. Neither expense nor pains will be spared to lift the Drama from the chilling obscurity of a barbarous epoch, and to place it on the pinnacle of national respect, worthy of a free, unprejudiced people, whose labors to enlighten and cultivate the field of science, are so eminently conspicuous. Lexington, Aug. 21, 1818-2t

AUCTION.

To-morrow, August 22. At Shreve & Combs's Auction Rooms At 10 o'clock,

WILL BE SOLD, AN ASSORTMENT OF Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Saddlery, Watches, &c.

SHREVE & COMB, Auc's. & Comm'n. Merch'ts. Lexington, August 21, 1818.

Attention, Military Officers!

H. FLETCHER; corner of main street and jordan's row,
Has just received a select assortment of

MILITARY GOODS.

CONSISTING OF WORDS, EPAULETTS, PLUMES, SILK SASHES, SWORD BELTS, LACE CORD, &c. &c. which will be sold at a small advance Lexington, Aug. 21-St.

Sales at Auction.

THE subscriber wishing to sell his FARM on the Hickman road, five miles S. W. of Lexington, and being applied to by several persons for small parts of it, has concluded to divide the 177 acres into FIVE LOTS of dif-ferent sizes, all of which will be conveniently situated for small farms or gardens, having water and wood on each lot, and houses on all but one. Those wishing small country seats, farmers, mechanicks and gardeners, will find it their interest to attend the sale at public auction, on the premises, (being the place now occupied by Mr. John Faver) on Thursday, the 3n DAY OF SETTEMBER next. Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, when a plat of the whole will be shewn. One-half the purchase money must be paid down: a credit of twelve months will be given for the balance, on the purchaser giving bond with approved security; or 10 per cent. will be allowed for prompt, payment in lieu of the credit. Possession will be given on all the lots on the first day of January next, except lot No. 2, which will be on the first day of March next. SAMUEL AYRES. Lexington, Aug. 21, 1818-2t

Sugar for Sale.

THE Subscribers have Thirty or Forty Bar-rels NEW ORLAENS SUGAR, of a good quality, which they offer for sale at eighteen cents per pound, by the barrel. ANDERSON & MORROW. August 21.

A Teacher.

A GENTLEMAN of liberal education wishes to take charge of a School, or engage as Tutor in a private family. Having taught the Greek and Latin languages for several years, he would prefer a situation in which instruc-tion in them alone should be required. Unexceptionable references can be given. Apply at this office.

Lexington, Aug. 18-3t* The members of the Murray Lodge No. 35,

RE requested to be punctual in their attendance at a Call Meeting, to be held THIS EVENING, at their Lodge Room, at a o'clock, P. M By order of the Seniour Warlen and Master Protein.
RICHARD HAWES, Jr Sec. M. Ly

GROCERIES.

HE subscribers have just received and of-fer for sale the following articles, to wit: Teas, coffee, chocolate Loaf, lump and brown sugars Spices of every description Raisins, figs, pocons and rice Scotch rappee and mockabau snuffs Sweet and cold expressed castor oil, by the quart or pint bottle Claret wines, gin, rum, Jamaica spirits

French and peach brandy, and whiskey Spanish and common cigars Tobacco, also M'Quie's do Salmon, shad, mackerel and herrings Codfish, by the barrel

Also, on hand, a variety of Fancy Paper, to-gether with a few setts Handsome Views We still continue to carry on Sign and House Painting, and Paper Hanging. DOWNING & GRANT.

SMITH & TODD,

Exclusive of their general assortment of GRO-CERIES, lately received by the steam boats Etna and Gov. Shelby, ARE NOW RECEIVING, By the steam boat Vesuivus and barge Independ

IFTY Hhds. best ORLEANS SUGAR 20 bbls. ditto 5 boxes Havana 20 bbls. 40 bbis, best GREEN COFFEE
5 puncheons best JAMAICA SPIRITS

15 bbls. MOLASSES 4 boxes BRIMSTONE 9 boxes TIN PLATES 5 bags ALSPICE 8 bags PEPPER gr. casks London Part. Teneriffe WINE

1000 lbs. LOGWOOD

20 half bbls. MACKAREL 20 qr. bbls. prime pickled HERRING 25 boxes RAISINS, first quality 20 boxes best CLARET WINE. All of which they will sell wholesale cheaper than can be imported from the eastward—and by retail at a very small profit for cash only

New and Cheap Goods.

Lexington, June 19, 1818-ti

ROBERT A. GATEWOOD HAS RECENTLY RETURNED FROM PHILADELPHIA AND IS NOW OPENING, At his Store in Lexington,

AN EXTENSIVE AND ELEGANT ASSORT MENT OF

MERCHANDISE,

THE principal part of which having been selected in Philadelphia and Baltimore, by himself, from the cash houses and at auction, he will be enabled to sell them as low, if not lower, than goods brought to this market Lexington, July 10, 1818-tf

Wm. R. Morton, & Co. (In the Corner House near the Public Square The the Corner House near the Funda Square, formerly occupied by W. Essex)

AVE on hand, a large assortment of MERCHANDIZE, consisting of all the various articles of the latest fashions in the DRY GOODS LINE,

GROCERIES, of the best quality, AND EVERY VARIETY OF HARD, GLASS, CHINA & QUEENS WARE.

PITTSBURGH NAILS. SUGAR, COFFEE, TEAS & LIQUORS, AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

All of which will be sold on the best terms. Lexington, Feb. 21-tf.

HUB'D. B. SMITH & CO. ARE OPENING A GROCERY STORE,

Where they will keep a constant supply of

FLOUR. OF THE FIRST QUALITY,

CORN MEAL & BRAN, FROM THE STEAM MILL OF ROBERT HUSTON & CO.-ALSO,

Pepper Spirits Spices Cheese Whiskey Raisins Almonds Coffee Spanish and Common Cigars Chockolate Chewing Tobacco & A VARIETY OF OTHER ARTICLES, Chockolate Which they will sell upon reasonable terms for Cash.

They will also purchase a quantity of Wheat and Corn, to be delivered at the Lexington Steam Mill of Robert Huston & Co.—for which the highest market prices will be given.

(F They expect to receive in a short time, a large supply of Groceries, from Philadelphia and Orleans.

Lex. Feb. 27, 1818.-tf. NEW GOODS.

Higgins & Pritchartt. Have just received, and are now opening at the Store, corner of Main and Mulberry streets, and directly opposite to Keen's Tavern,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDIZE, Suitable for the approaching season; which the offer for sale at very reduced prices.

AMONG WHICH ARE Turkey, Brussels, and Stairs Carpeting, A few sets Surveyors' best instruments, New-Orleans Sugar by the Barrel and Retail. ALSO A GENERAE ASSORTMENT OF

CUT & WROUGHT NAILS. Lexington, May 15.-tf.

Elegant Carpeting.

Just received and for sale at the Store of T. E. BOSWELL & CO. Brussels & Scotch Carpetings, Which they offer at a very reduced price.

August 23—tf

William W Howell & Co. No 167 Market street, Philadelphia. AVE just received by the Ships Jane, Dido and Hibernia, a large and general as-

sortment o HARDWARE;

Cutleyy, Brass War, Locks of all kinds, Buttons, Anvils, Vices, Steel of all

Aug 7-6t tic

LEGHORN BONNETS.

Mrs. SAUNDERS informs the Ladies, that she has just received from PHILADELPHIA,

A SUPPLY OF ELEGANT LEGHORN AND WHITE CHIP BONNETS. WHICH she now offers for sale, at her Mil-linery Store, on Main street, Lexing-ton, where they are invited to call, and see for

N. B.—TWO YOUNG LADIES, of respectable connexions, are wanted as APPRENTICES to the Millinery Business. April 10-tf

GROCERIES.

Smith and Todd,

Are now receiving from New-Orleans, by the Steam Boat Governor Shelby, A fresh assortment of the various articles IN THE GROCERY LINE,

WHICH they offer at low prices to whole sale or retail customers, at their store Cheapside. One of the firm selected the ticles in the Orleans' market, in the months of March and April last; they can therefore assure the public that they are of the best qua-

REMOVAL.

Thomas E. Boswell & Co. HAVE removed from Short street, to that arge and convenient store, corner of Main and Mill streets, formerly occupied by Messrs. J. C. & M. D. Richardson, and directly opposite the Branch Bank of the United States where they have on hand a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE, Selected for this market, which they offer for

sale at a very low advance. And they are now receiving an elegant as

SPRING GOODS, Purchased at Philadelphia, at very reduced

Lexington, April 17, 1818-tf OWINGS'S IRON-WORKS,

ARE ALL IN COMPLETE OPERATION. THE result of the late improvements, made by the subscriber on his BLAST FUR-NACE, decidedly gives her the preference to any in the western country. She is now making double the quantity she ever made and of a ery superior quality.
The FORGES are making better Bar Iron

than heretofore, & of as good a quality as any in the U. States. They are managed by selected workmen from the Eastward.

All orders will be promptly executed when the payment is made satisfactory. THOMAS D. OWINGS.

Slate Iron-Works, Jan. 17, 1818—tf. N. B. A general assortment of Bar-Iron and Castings will be kept as usual at his Iron Store, in Lexington.

Lexington Steam Mill.

THE Proprietors being interested in the store of HUBBARD B. SMITH, & CO. have declined retailing Flour, Meal, &c. at the Mill; a constant supply of those articles will be kept at the store, and sold on the usual terms. Any person wishing to get flour by the barrel, can be supplied on application, either at the Mill or Store, and Whiskey by the barrel, or larger quantity, can be had at all times.

They wish to purchase a quantity of Wheat and Corn, delivered at the mill, for which the current price will be given. They also want a number of young Hogs, for which they will give a fair price.

ROBERT HUSTON & CO. Lex. Feb. 27, 1818-tf

J. P. Schatzell

In the house lately occupied by W. R. Morton & Co. at the corner of Short street and Cheapside, fronting the Public Square, in ness to the management of Mr. Isaac Bell, at ness to the management of Mr. ISAAC BELL, at his house on Main street, to whom his friends are referred during his absence. Lexington, July 10, 1818-9t

SHREVE & COMBS, HAVE IN STORE,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

WRITING PAPER. Of different qualities, which they will sell on liberal terms, both as to price and payment. Having made arrangement an with a Paper Manufactory, will have constantly on hands a supply of the above articles, together with

Printing Paper, Bonnet and April 10-tf Book Boards.

Orders from a distance will be punctual mblied with.

June 26-tf camplied with.

PLANOES.

SHREVE & COMRS, AVE for Sale, Superb PIANOS, entirely new, built by Evenden from London.

1 Second hand do. built by Longman &

Broderip, of London.

2 very neat SIDEBOARDS; Marble WASH-STANDS 4th proof COGNIAC BRANDY, by the cask

SHREVE & COMBS, Auct'rs. and Com. Merchants

W. CONNELL & CO. Corner of Main-Cross and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE, 30 BBLS. MACKAREL, superior quality
15 BOXES DRY CODFISH
30 BBLS. NEW ORLEANS SUGAR,

Wholesale and Retail. Wholesale and Retail.

RAISINS, by the Pound or Box

A few barrels Superfine FLOUR

COFFEE, by the bbl. or lb.

15 bbls PEACONN NUTS

SCOTCH HERRINGS by the box or otherwise 30 Doz. very Superior Madeira Wine in Bottles.

An assortment of LIQUORS AND SPIRITS, Imported and Domestic.

All of which they will sell at the lowest pri-

Lex. June 19-13t

WILLIAM ROBINSON

CABINET maker by trade, left Monmouthshire, England, for America, abou two years since. A person lately from England has business of importance with him, and if he is in the State of Ohio, or any of the neighboring sates, and will give information of the place of his residence to general John S. Gano, Cincinnati, Benjamin Stout, Lexington, or captain William Hubbell, Georgetown, Ky. he will confer a particular favor on a friend.

All of which they will despose of on the most reasonable terms, for Cash or the usual credit.

July 11, 1818,

Angust 14—

Reasonable terms, for Cash or the usual credit.

Angust 14—

Reasonable terms, for Cash or the usual credit.

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Reasonable terms, for Cash or the usual credit.

Angust 14—

Reasonable terms, for Cash or the usual credit.

Angust 14—

Reasonable terms, for Cash or the usual credit. August 14-3t* ||

ALLUVION MILLS AND

BAKE HOUSE. TENHESE MILLS are now in full operation doing very handsome work. Any quantity of Flour of the first quality, may be had at any time, by the barrel or small quantity.

Superfine Flour, by the Barrel, \$6 Fine do do Ship Stuff, per 100 lbs. 5 25 1 50

Shorts, per bushel,
Bran, per ditto,
THE BAKING BUSINESS Is also carried on together with the Mills, where every quantity of BREAD may be had of all kinds, to wit—Loaf Bread, Butter Crackers, Water Crackers, Pilot and Navy Bread.
BRADFORD & BOWLES.

April 3-tf



JOHN BRYAN & SON,

Saddlers and Military Accountement Maker RATEFUL for the very distinguished pa tronage which they have heretofore re ceived from their customers, and friends, wish to inform them and the public in general that they have just received from Philadelphia, a handsome assortment of SADDLERY, and have on hand a choice collection of Materials generally. From their unremitted attention to business, with the aid of some of the best workmen, they feel confident of rendering am-ple satisfaction to those who may please to faor them with their orders. They purpose to vorthem with their orders. They purpose to keep on hand, or furnish at a short notice, ladies and gentlemen's Saddles, of the newest fashions and first quality; Leopard skin Housings; Saddle Cloths; best Bridles, with Napoleon, Wellington, Nelson, Bradoon, Portsmouth, sharp and snaffle Bits; martingale and hunting Collars; best plated Stirrups, with spring bars; likewise a handsome assortment of the plain kind. Saddle Bars; Valieses. of the plain kind; Saddle Bags; Valieses; Portmanteaus; Horsemen's Caps; Holsters; Cartouch-boxes; Sword Belts; Waggon and

BRYAN'S Patent Elastic Saddles, MADE AS USUAL.

As to the superior ease and quality of thos saddles, (when made by competent workmen) reference can be had to a number of gentlemen in this place, who have them in use .- Patent rights for sale for any part of the Unit ed States, except those cities, counties, and territories, which they are already sold for.

GEO. TROTTER & SON. HAVE just received and are now opening MERCHANDISE,

suitable for the present and approaching season; which they will sell unusually low for Included in the assortment are

Canton Crapes, Irish Linens, Superfine Cloths & Cassimeres, Monroe Shoes & Bootees for Ladies, Bolting Cloths, Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7, Straw Bonnets of the latest fashions,

And a complete assortment of LIVERPOOL CHINA. Lex. July 24-tf

Hope Powder Mills, One mile west of Lexington, on the Woodford

JOSEPH & GEORGE BOSWELL, HAVE entered into Co-Partnership with SPENCER COOPER, for the purpose or nanufacturing GUN-POWDER, under the

SPENCER COOPER & CO. Who will keep a constant supply of Gun-Powder, equal to any made in the United States

and will sell on as good terms.

All orders will be strictly attended to, and they will continue to give the highest price for SALT-PETRE, delivered at J. & G. Boswell's Store, on Cheapside, Lexington, or at their Mills. their Mills.

SPENCER COOPERS CO.

N. Porter & Co. MANUFACTURERS OF PLAIN AND JAPANNED TIN WARE.

HAVE on hand, and will keep constantly for sale, wholesale and retail, a general assort-ment of articles in their line, together with a regular supply of assorted PEWTER WARE, from their factory in Philadelphia. Merchants and others who have been in the habit of go-Broderip, of London.

1 Superb Grecian SOFA; 1 elegant SIDEtheir interest to call.—Also,

For sale, a few of ROGERS's PATENT BALANCES, with a variety of other useful articles, all of which will be sold low for cash. Upper street, between Main and Water streets. Lexington, June 19, 1818-tf

Ginseng, Bear and Otter SKINS WANTED.

THE highest price will be paid in Skins. Apply to

Lexington, August 7-9t

Wanted to Hire, A BLACK WOMAN, OAPABLE of doing common kitchen work A generous price will be paid for one free

of incumbrance. Apply to A. Saunders, Main street, Lexington. Lexington, Aug. 14-tf

Notice.

To be Sold on the 10th September next, A T my farm, six miles east of Lexington, all is completed.

My Stock of

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Household and Kitchen Furniture, likewise Farm- A. M. ing Utensils of all kinds. ine months credit will be given the purcha

ser for all sums above Four Dollars, by giving bond and good security; under four dollars cash in hand.

N. B. The plantation if not sold at private sale, to be sold at public. The terms of Sale made known on that day. JOHN CAUGHEY Sen.

(BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE) OF KENTUCKY.)

THE FIRST CLASS

LOTTERY, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FAYETTE HOSPITAL.

SCHEME. 1 Prize of 20,000 Bollars, is \$20,000 2 ,, of 10,000 ,, is 20,000 3 ,, of 5,000 ,, is 15,000 5 ,, of 1,000 ,, is 5,000 12 ,, of 500 ,, is 6,000 15 ,, of 100 ,, is 1,500 650 ,, of 50 ,, is 32,500 688 Prizes. \$ 100,000 1312 Blanks.

2,000 Tickets, at \$50 each, is \$100,000 NOT TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE

STATIONARY PRIZES. First drawn No will be entitled to First 300 Blanks, each to First drawn No. on the 5th day's drawing, First ", ", on the 6th day's ", 5,000 First ", ", on the 7th day's ", 1,000 First ", ", on the 8th day's ", 5,000 First ", ", on the 9th day's ", 10,000 First ", ", on the 10th day's drawing, after 100 tickets are drawn, will be entitled to the Grand Stationary Prize of \$20,000 The \$1,000 prizes, as awarded on the fifth and seventh days' drawings, to be each payable in part by 15 tickets, valued at 750 dollars.

ble in part by 15 tickets, valued at 750 dollars— Nos. 1001 to 1015 inclusive for that on the fifth,

1280 inclusive for that on the sixth, and 1701 facility than they could otherwise do. 1780 inclusive for that on the eighth. Lexington, Feb. 27.—tf. o 1780 inclusive for that on the eighth.

And the § 10,000 prize, as designated for he first drawn number on the ninth day's draw-

from 1501 to 1650 inclusive.

All prizes payable in 90 days after the completion of the drawing, subject to a deduction

of 15 per cent. All prizes not demanded within one year afr the completion of the drawing, will be conidered as donations to the Institution.

Two Hundred Numbers will constitute a

day's drawing. A list of each day's drawing Andrew Alexander, will be published, and sent to the different post. ffices in the neighborhood of which tickets John P. Schatzell & others. ACTUAL FLOATING PRIZES ARE,

1 Prize of 10,000 Dollars. of 5,000 of 1,000 12 ,, of 500 ,, 15 ,, of 100 ,, 50

ad of Thomas January, who is the Chairman nd Treasurer for the Managers.

While the above Scheme presents a brilliant respect to the purchasers of tickets, of acquing fortunes without incurring much risk, the bject of the Lottery is such as to inspire the ing fortunes without incurring much risk, the anagers with the most flattering hope, that to his possession the joint estate, monies and hey will be enabled to announce, in a very few veeks, the commencement of the drawing. very benevolent heart, whose sensibilities are

rapid sale of the tickets ANDREW M'CALLA, THOMAS JANUARY, B. GAINES, Lexington, Ky. April 24, 1818-tf

Genuine Spanish Segars, A ND fresh Rapee and Macouba SNUFF, manufactured by Hamilton, just received and for sale, by SAM. THOMPSON & CO.

By the box or keg, at Philadelphia prices, and carriage; or at a small advance, by retail. Lexington, Jan. 31—tf

NOTICE.

THE employment of an Agent or Attorney is not necessary in any claim against the government. It is most generally attended with expense, and sometimes with actual loss.
Claims will be promptly settled, when the ccounts, and vouchers with which they are

Money will be transmitted, whenever a re eipt for the sum due, or, where the amount s not ascertained, a receipt in blank shall be orwarded to the Treasury Department. Military patents, and certificates of military pensions, will be transmitted in like maner, whenever the necessary vouchers are for

warded to the proper office.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, WM. H. CRAWFORD, J. C. CALHOUN,

B. W. CROWNINSHIELD. Washington City, May 27, 1818.

The Gazettes in which the acts of Cor Cash, for Ginseng, Bear and Otter the above, weekly for three months; and papers in the interior will deserve the thanks of the community by giving it publicity in their terms of the community by giving it publicity in their respective districts, as it may be the means of saving expence and loss to that portion of the people who are least able to bear them. June 12-13t

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT I shall attend with Processioners, an the surveyor of Jessamine county, to esta blish the corners of my Land, on which I live, and which I purchased, a part of John Parker and the residue of William and John McCormick, on Monday the 24th day of August, and to continue from day to day until the business is completed.

JONATHAN NEWMAN. N. B. To meet at my house at 10 o'clock July 31-3t*

Holderman, Pearson & Co. AVE FOR SALE, or on Consignment, a large and well selected Stock of HARDWARE;

Comprising almost every article of the kind usually wanted in the western country, which will be disposed of at very moderate advance on the sterling cost of the package, and is put up in parcels suited to the retail business. Lexington, August 7-5t.

Sebree & Johnsons,

CORNER OF MAIN & MILL STREETS, Nearly opposite the Branch Bank of the U.S. AVE just opened, and will constantly keep on hand, for sale, either by retail or whole

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES. BROAD CLOTHS, NEGRO CLOTHS, BLANKETS, HARD-WARE, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, NAILS of every des-KERSEYS, eription, &c. &c.
They will also keep a constant supply of
BANK, PRINTING, WRITING, LETTER,
and WRAPPING PAPER.

Orders from any part of the country will be promptly attended to. Lexington, Sept. 13-tf. The Editors of the Frankfort Argus and

Georgetown Patriot, will please to insert the

BOOK-BINDING & STA TIONERY BUSINESS.

S1,000 THOMAS ESSEX & CO. 1,000 5,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 Essex & Son, occupied at present by William R. Morton & Co. opposite the Court House, on Main Street, where they will keep a constant

> Blank Books, Stationery and School Books,

and Nos. 1016 to 1030 inclusive for that on the fitth, and Nos. 1016 to 1030 inclusive for that on the seventh.

The \$\frac{4}{5}\$ 5000 prizes, which will be awarded to the first drawn numbers on the sixth and eighth days, to be each payable in part by 80 tickets, valued at 4,000 dollars—Nos. 1201 to 1320 inclusive for the sixth and 1320 inclusive for the sixth and 1320 inclusive for that on the first drawn public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will thereby enable them to furnish public officers and banks at a distance will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will be promptly attended to—they having purchased a ruling machine, which will be prom

Blank Checks ng, will be payable in part by 150 tickets, valudat at 7,500 dollars—the numbers reserved are Kentucky Gazette, CHECKS on the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Lexington, is books, or by the quire. Also, Checks on the United States Branch and the Lexington Branch Banks

> U. States Circuit Court. KENTUCKY DISTRICT. Alexander Cranston and

Notice: B Y a rule of court made in this cause at the last May term, it was ordered that an injunction should issue, in pursuance of the prayer contained in the bill filed in this cause to enjoin and restrain the defendants or ei-ther of them from selling, conveying, or oth-erwise disposing of the real and personal es-tate and stock in the said bill mentioned, or Whole Tickets, halves, and quarters, to be further collecting or receiving into their or ad of TROMAS JANUARY, who is the Chairman either of their hands, the monies or securities of moneys due to the copartnerships in the said bill mentioned, or either of them.-And it was further ordered, that such one of

And it was further ordered, that upon ser objects which forcibly, and will not in vain, appeal to the hearts and the heads of an intelligent and charitable community. The Mana-clerk of the said court hath duly certified, ungers confidently rely upon these considera- der the seal of the said court, that John S tions, and on the number of prizes compared with the blanks, rendering the chances of obtaining the former unusually great, for a very hath filed the bond therein required—Notice is hereby given to all persons, holding any join property, estate, monies or effects, due or be longing to Alexander Cranston, Andrew Al STEPHEN CHIPLEY, MANAGERS. | exander and John P. Schatzell, formerly tra ding under the firm of John P. Schatzel formerly trading under the firm of John P. Schatzell & Co. to deliver over and pay the

same to the said John S Snead only The above named John P. Schatzell having refused to deliver up the joint Real and Per sonal estate in contempt of the above men tioned order.—And having also in contemp of the same collected part of the joint monic and effects belonging to the said copartner ship or one of them. The public are hereb ship or one of them. The public are hereby further Notified and Cautioned not to pur chase or treat with the said John P. Schatzell, for the purchase of the following property, (to wit) the dwelling house and lot in Lexington, now occupied by the said Schatzell; ten acres of ground, being an out lot, purchased by said Schatzell from John Fowler; a pew in the Eniscopal Church in Lexington the Episcopal Church in Lexington; woman named Chloe; twenty shares in the connected, are transmitted to the proper ofturing Company: a quantity of Cotton Bagging, owned jointly by John Smith and the late firm of John P. Schatzell & Co.

June 26—21t

Alexander Cranston and Andrew Alexander. By their joint Attorney,

JOHN KEATING.

WATCHES. THE subscribers have just received, Gold and Silver Patent Lever Watches,

Among which are a few for LADIES, for sale at the Philadelphia Prices. ALSO, A Genera Assortment of MERCHANDIZE,

By Wholesale or Retail, at a small advance for Cash, or notes at a short date. TILFORD, TROTTER, & Co. Lexington, Dec. 13-tf.

NOTICE IS hereby given to all persons, that at the September term next ensuing, I shall mak application to the County Court of Campbell Kentucky, for a town seat to be established by the name of *HARRISSBURGH*, on the east side of main Licking, immediately on the river, on my land, at my ferry, on the road leading from Maysville to Burlington, or Boone court-house. Given under my hand this first

day of June, 1818, GEORGE HARRISS.

Blank Books.

DENJAMIN KELER respectfully inform the public, that he has just received a quantity of PAPER, of different sizes, and o the best quality, which will enable him to furnish Banks, Merchants, and Public Officers with all kinds of Blank Books, ruled to any pattern, and bound in the neatest and bes manner, at the shortest notice. Orders from a distance will be strictly attended to.

May 29-tf

IT I HENRY MORRIS, HO arrived in New-York, from London, in the spring of 1812, and left it as nearly as can be ascertained, in the summer or fall of 1813, is still living, he will hear of something to his advantage, by applying to John Cor-field, esq. Old Broad street, London, prior to February 1819—or if dead, a proper compen-sation will be made, if requested, to any per-son transmitting an authentic proof of the

BUCKLEY & ABBATT, July 31.-4t

DISSOLVED.

FRIHE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore exist It ing between Alexander Cranston, Andrew Alexander, J. P. Schatzell and John Woodward, trading under the firm of J. P. Schatzell and Co. is dissolved by consent of

NOTICE

IS THEREFORE HEREBY GIVEN, that the business of said concern will be closed by the subscriber, who requests those that stand indebted thereto, to come forward and settle their accompts respectively. And to whom those will also please to apply to whom the firm stands indebted. J. P. SCHATZELL. Lexington Sept. 27-tf.

BANK BOOKS. THOMAS ESSEX & CO.

EEP constantly on hand, BANK BOOKS, of all descriptions, ruled according to the pattern used in the Bank of Kentucky; which may be had at various prices.

Lexington, June 12.——tf FOR SALE,

A Valuable Tract of Land. CONTAINING near 200 acres, tolerably weil improved, 5 miles south of Lexington, at the low price of thirty dolls, per acre. For further particulars, enquire of the printer. July 10, 1818-13t

WHEAT. THE SUBSCRIBERS CONTINUE to purchase Wheat, for which they are paying cash in hand. They want to contract for a large quantity of WOOD, for

which they will also pay cash.

JOHN & THOS. P. HART, Lexington, July 3, 1818-if

THE FAYETTE Paper Manufacturing Co. AVE opened an Office on Mill street, in Lexington, where it is their intention to keep a complete assortment of Paper—and where all orders for that article will be thank-

fully received and promptly attended to. The highest price given for fine Rags. THOMAS JANUARY, Pres. F. M. Co,

Notice.

THE whole of the stock in the Commercial Bank of Winchester having been sold, the shareholders are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the house of John Ward, in the town of Winchester, at 2 o'clock P. M. on the 1st day of September next, for the purpose

of electing a President and eight Directors.

ROBERT CLARK, B. H. BUCKNER, THOS. G. JONES, SILAS W. ROBBINS, ELIJAH G. BRAWNING,

A. Blanchard HAS received a few of the best kind of GOLD & SILVER PATENT LEVER WATCHES. Which will be sold very low for cash.

July 31, 1818-4t

HE KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, A LARGE AS-SORTMENT OF SILVER WARE, Warranted of the best kind-such as
COFFEE and TEA POTS, SLOP BOWLS, SUGAR DISHES, CREAM EWERS, PITCHERS, CANNS, TUMBLERS, LADLES and
SPOONS OF ALL KINDS.

All of which will be sold at the lowest prices Eight Day Clocks.

Lex. July 31, 1818-tf

REMOVAL. Henry Fletcher INFORMS his friends and customers, the has removed his JEWELLERY & FANOY STORE to the house on the corner of Main street and Jordan's row, formerly occupied by

Buck, Bradford & Megowan, auctioneers— WHERE HE HAS AN ASSORTMENT OF Rich and Fashionable Jewellery
Gold and Silver Patent Lever Watches Plated, Japanned, and Hard Ware Fine ivory handled Knives and Forks, in setts Fowling Pieces; Pocket Pistols Cabinet Brass Ware Watch Makers' Tools and Materials; Clock

WITH A VARIETY OF FANCY ARTICLES, All of which will be sold at very reduced prices for cash, or short approved credit.

N. B. Orders will be taken for setts of Silver Plate, to be executed by Messrs. Fletcher & Gardiner, Philadelphia, in the first stile and

at the Philadelphia prices.

Chinn's Law Office,

Lexington, July 24-8t

TS kept at his residence on Short street, Lexington, Ky. His attention will be limited to the Courts of Fayette County, alone. All communications touching the law, will be assiduously attended to. The business of Scrivener, will also be attended to.

May 29-26t R. H. CHINN. Farmers Bank of Jessamine.

NOTICE is hereby given, by a majority of the Commissioners of the Farmers Bank of Jessamine, to the Stockholders in said bank, that on TUESDAY, the first day of September next, at the court-house in the town of Nicholasville, an election will be held for a president and eight directors—the whole of the stock allotted to said bank having been sold, and onefifth of the amount thereof actually paid in.

WM. SHREVE,
FRANCIS P. HORD,

JAMES HERVEY, DAN'L. B. PRICE, July 3, 1818-8t

GLASS.

A VARIETY of elegant cut and engraved GLASS, just received and for sale, by SAM. THOMPSON & CO.

Which, in point of quality and elegance, does great credit to American manufacture.

They have also on hand a large supply of GLASS by the hore to suit rotal stores at the GLASS, by the box, to suit retail stores, at the

late Pittsburgh prices, and carriage, with the usual credit for approved paper.

The above articles were all manufactured by Bakewell, Page & Bakewell, of Pittsburgh.

Lexington, Jan. 31—tf